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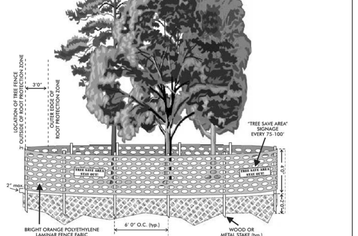
APPENDIX L. Protective Tree Fencing



"Tree Save" signs may be purchased at the cashiers booth in Suite 2085 of the Environment & Community Development Department in the Fulton County Government Center.

Appendix L Protective Tree Fencing -92-

ORANGE TREE PROTECTION FENCE DETAIL

DEFINITION: THE PLANTING OF PERENNIAL VEGETATION SUCH AS TREES, SHRUBS, VINES, GRASSES, OR LEGUMES ON EXPOSED AREAS FOR FINAL PERMANENT STABILIZATION. PERMANENT PERENNIAL VEGETATION SHALL BE USED TO ACHIEVE FINAL STABILIZATION.

REQUIREMENT FOR REGULATORY COMPLIANCE: THIS PRACTICE SHALL BE APPLIED IMMEDIATELY TO ROUGH GRADED AREAS THAT WILL BE UNDISTURBED FOR LONGER THAN SIX MONTHS. THIS PRACTICE OR SODDING SHALL BE APPLIED IMMEDIATELY TO ALL AREAS AT FINAL GRADE. FINAL STABILIZATION MEANS THAT ALL SOIL DISTURBING ACTIVITIES AT THE SITE HAVE BEEN COMPLETED, AND THAT FOR UNPAVED AREAS AND AREAS NOT COVERED BY PERMANENT STRUCTURES, AT LEAST 70 % OR THE SOIL SURFACE IS UNIFORMLY COVERED IN PERMANENT VEGETATION OR EQUIVALENT PERMANENT STABILIZATION MEASURES (SUCH AS THE USE OF RIP RAP, GABIONS, PERMANENT MULCHES, OR GEOTEXTILES) HAVE BEEN EMPLOYED. PERMANENT VEGETATION SHALL CONSIST OF: PLANTED TREES, SHRUBS, PERENNIAL VINES; A CROP OF PERENNIAL VEGETATION APPROPRIATE FOR THE REGION, SUCH THAT WITHIN THE GROWING SEASON A 70 % COVERAGE BY PERENNIAL VEGETATION SHALL BE ACHIEVED. FINAL STABILIZATION APPLIES TO EACH PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION. FOR LINEAR CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS ON LAND USED FOR AGRICULTURAL OR SILVICULTURAL PURPOSES, FINAL STABILIZATION MAY BE ACCOMPLISHED BY STABILIZING THE DISTURBED LAND FOR ITS AGRICULTURAL OR SILVICULTURAL USE. UNTIL THIS STANDARD IS SATISFIED AND PERMANENT CONTROL MEASURES AND FACILITIES ARE OPERATIONAL, INTERIM STABILIZATION MEASURES AND TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL NOT BE REMOVED.

PERMANENT PLANT SPECIES, SEEDING RATES, AND PLANTING DATES

SPECIES	RATES PER ACRE	RATES PER 1,000 sq. ft.	PLANTING DATES BY REGION M – L	P	C	REMARKS
BAHIA, PENSACOLA ALONE OR WITH TEMPORARY COVER WITH OTHER PERENNIALS	60 Lbs. 30 Lbs.	1.4 Lbs. 0.7 Lbs.	-	4/1-5/31	3/1-5/31	LOW GROWING, SOD PRODUCING. WILL SPREAD INTO BERMUDA LAWNS.
BAHIA, ONAMISTON ALONE OR WITH TEMPORARY COVER WITH OTHER PERENNIALS	50 Lbs. 30 Lbs.	1.4 Lbs. 0.7 Lbs.	3/15-5/31	3/1-5/31	-	SAME AS ABOVE.
BERMUDA, COMMON (HULLED SEED) ALONE WITH OTHER PERENNIALS	10 Lbs. 5 Lbs.	0.2 Lbs. 0.1 Lbs.	-	4/1-5/31	3/1-5/31	QUICK COVER. LOW GROWING. SOD FORMING. NEEDS FULL SUN.
BERMUDA, COMMON (UNHULLED SEED) WITH TEMPORARY COVER WITH OTHER PERENNIALS	10 Lbs. 5 Lbs.	0.2 Lbs. 0.1 Lbs.	-	10/15-2/28	11/1-1/31	PLANT WITH WINTER ANNUALS. PLANT WITH TALL FESCUE.
BERMUDA, SPRIGS COMMON LAWN AND FORAGE HYBRIDS	40 cu. ft.	0.9 cu. ft.	4/15-6/15	4/1-6/15	4/1-5/31	1 cu. ft. = 650 SPRIGS 1 bu. = 1.25 cu. ft. OR 800 SPRIGS.
	SOD PLUGS 2' X 3'					
CROWN VETCH WITH WINTER ANNUALS OR COOL SEASON GRASSES	15 Lbs.	0.3 Lbs.	9/1-10/15	10/15-2/28	-	MIX WITH 30 Lbs. TALL FESCUE OR 15 Lbs. RYE. INOCULATE SEEDS. PLANT ONLY NORTH OF ATLANTA.
FESCUE, TALL ALONE WITH OTHER PERENNIALS	50 Lbs. 30 Lbs.	1.1 Lbs. 0.7 Lbs.	3/1-4/1 OR 8/15-9/30	8/15-10/15 OR 2/15-4/15	-	MIX WITH PERENNIAL LESPEDEZAS OR CROWN VETCH. NOT FOR DROUGHTY SOILS OR HEAVY USE AREAS.
LESPEDEZA, SERICEA	60 Lbs.	1.4 Lbs.	4/1-5/31	3/15-5/31	3/1-5/31	MODEST ADAPTED AND LOW MAINTENANCE. TAKES 2-3 YEARS TO ESTABLISH. INOCULATE SEED WITH EL INOCULATE. MIX WITH WEEPING LOVEGRASS, COMMON BERMUDA, BAHIA OR TALL FESCUE.
UNSCARIFIED	75 Lbs.	1.7 Lbs.	9/1-2/28	9/1-2/28	9/1-2/28	MIX WITH TALL FESCUE OR WINTER ANNUALS.
SEED-BEARING HAY	3 TONS	138 Lbs.	10/1-2/1	10/1-2/28	9/15-1/15	CUT WHEN SEED IS MATURE BUT BEFORE IT SHATTERS. ADD TALL FESCUE OF WINTER ANNUALS.
LESPEDEZA, AMBRO VIRGATA OR APPALCHI						SPREADING GROWTH WITH HEIGHT OF 24"-24". GOOD IN URBAN AREAS. MAY ALSO FORM GOOD STANDS. MIX WITH WEEPING LOVEGRASS, COMMON BERMUDA, OR TALL FESCUE. MIX WITH WINTER ANNUALS. DO NOT MIX WITH SERICEA LESPEDEZA. INOCULATE SEED WITH EL INOCULANT.
SCARIFIED	60 Lbs.	1.4 Lbs.	4/1-5/31	3/15-5/31	3/1-5/31	
UNSCARIFIED	75 Lbs.	1.7 Lbs.	9/1-2/28	9/1-2/28	9/1-2/28	
LESPEDEZA, SHRUB (LESPEDEZA BICOLOR OR LESPEDEZA THUNBERGII) PLANTS	2 X 2 SPACING		11/1-3/31	11/1-3/31	11/15-2/28	PLANT IN SMALL CLUMPS FOR WILDLIFE FOOD AND COVER.
LOVE GRASS, WEEPING ALONE WITH OTHER PERENNIALS	4 Lbs. 2 Lbs.	0.1 Lbs. 0.05 Lbs.	4/1-5/31	3/15-5/31	3/1-5/31	QUICK COVER, DROUGHT TOLERANT. GROWS WELL WITH SERICEA LESPEDEZA ON ROAD BANKS AND OTHER STEEP SLOPES. SHORT LIVED.
MAIDENCANE SPRIGS	2 X 2' SPACING		2/1-3/31	2/1-3/31	2/1-3/31	FOR VERY WET SITES SUCH AS RIVERBANKS AND SHORELINES. DIG SPRIGS LOCALLY.
PANICGRASS, ATLANTIC COASTAL	20 Lbs.	0.5 Lbs.	-	3/1-4/30	3/1-4/30	GROWS WELL ON COASTAL SAND DUNES. MIX WITH SERICEA LESPEDEZA. BUT NOT ON SAND DUNES.
REED CANARY GRASS ALONE WITH OTHER PERENNIALS	50 Lbs. 30 Lbs.	1.1 Lbs. 0.7 Lbs.	4/1-5/31	3/15-5/31	3/1-5/31	GROWS SIMILAR TO TALL FESCUE; FOR WET SITES.
SUNFLOWER, AZTEC MAXIMILLIAN	10 Lbs.	0.2 Lbs.	4/15-5/31	4/15-5/31	4/15-5/31	MIX WITH WEEPING LOVEGRASS OR OTHER NON-AGGRESSIVE GRASSES OR LEGUMES.
SWITCHGRASS	20 Lbs.	0.4 Lbs.	4/1-5/31	4/1-5/31	4/1-5/31	FOR STREAMBANKS PLANTINGS, DRAINAGE DITCHES, AND WET AREAS.

1. RATES FOR BROADCASTED SEED. IF A SEED DRILL IS USED, REDUCE THE RATE BY ONE-HALF.
2. PLS IS AN ABBREVIATION FOR "PURE LIVE SEED". REFER TO THE GLOSSARY FOR AN EXPLANATION OF THIS TERM.
3. RESIDUES ARE DEFINED IN THE "MANUAL FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL IN GEORGIA."

FERTILIZER REQUIREMENTS FOR PERMANENT VEGETATION

TYPES OR SPECIES	PLANTING YEAR	FERTILIZER (N–P–K)	RATES (LBS./ACRE)	N TOP DRESSING RATE (LBS/ACRE)
COOL SEASON GRASSES	FIRST SECOND MAINTENANCE	6–12–12 6–12–12 10–10–10	1500 1000 400	50–100 – 30
COOL SEASON GRASSES & LEGUMES	FIRST SECOND MAINTENANCE	6–12–12 0–10–10 0–10–10	1500 1000 400	0–50 – –
WARM SEASON GRASSES	FIRST SECOND MAINTENANCE	6–12–12 6–12–12 10–10–10	1500 800 400	50–100 50–100 30
WARM SEASON GRASSES & LEGUMES	FIRST SECOND MAINTENANCE	6–12–12 0–10–10 0–10–10	1500 1000 400	50 – –

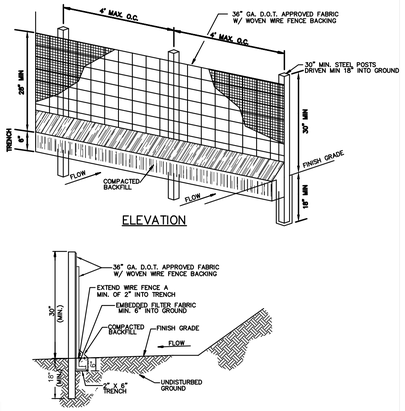
*AGRICULTURAL LIME IS REQUIRED AT THE RATE OF 1 TO 2 TONS PER ACRE UNLESS SOIL TEST INDICATE OTHERWISE.
NOTE: FERTILIZER SHOULD BE APPLIED AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE WITHIN 6 MONTHS OF PLANTING PERMANENT PERENNIAL VEGETATION. ADDITIONAL LIME IS NOT REQUIRED.

PERMANENT SEEDING SCHEDULE

SEASON	DATES	TYPE OF GRASS	RATES (LBS./ACRE)
SUMMER	MAY 15 – AUG. 15	BERMUDA, COMMON (HULLED SEED)	10
COOL	AUG. 16 – NOV. 1 NOV. 1 – MAR. 15 MAR. 15 – MAY 14	FESCUE (KY 31, TALL)	50
WINTER	OCT. 1 – MAR. 14	BERMUDA, COMMON (UNHULLED SEED)	10

COVER SEEDED AREAS WITH LIGHT LAYER OF WHEAT STRAW MULCH (2TONS/ACRE). CONTRACTOR TO PROTECT ALL DISTURBED AREAS BY TEMPORARY RESEEDING UNTIL PERMANENT GROUND COVER IS ESTABLISHED A MAXIMUM OF 3 WEEKS AFTER GRADING. OPERATIONS ARE COMPLETE IN AREAS. SIDE SLOPES SHALL BE HYDROSEEDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 700 - GRASSING OF THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STATE OF GEORGIA STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS CONSTRUCTION OF ROADS AND BRIDGES 2001 EDITION OR GA. D.O.T. QPL-25 LIST.

Ds3 DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (WITH PERMANENT VEGETATION)



ELEVATION

CROSS-SECTION

DEFINITION:
SEDIMENT BARRIERS ARE TEMPORARY STRUCTURES TYPICALLY CONSTRUCTED OF SILT FENCE SUPPORTED BY STEEL OR WOOD POSTS. OTHER TYPES OF BARRIERS MAY INCLUDE SANDBAGS, STRAW BALES, BRUSH PILES OR OTHER FILTERING MATERIAL.

PURPOSE:
TO PREVENT SEDIMENT CARRIED BY SHEET FLOW FROM LEAVING THE SITE AND ENTERING NATURAL DRAINAGE WAYS OR STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM BY SLOWING STORM WATER RUNOFF AND CAUSING THE DEPOSITION OF SEDIMENT AT THE STRUCTURE.

CONDITIONS:
1. BARRIERS SHOULD BE INSTALLED WHERE RUNOFF CAN BE STORED BEHIND THE BARRIER WITHOUT DAMAGING THE FENCE OR THE SUBMERGED AREA BEHIND THE FENCE.
2. SILT FENCE SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED ACROSS STREAMS, DITCHES, WATERWAYS, OR OTHER CONCENTRATED FLOW AREAS.

DESIGN CRITERIA:
1. APPROVED SILT FENCE FABRICS ARE LISTED IN THE GA D.O.T. QUALIFIED PRODUCTS LIST #36 (QPL–36).
2. WHERE ALL RUNOFF IS TO BE STORED BEHIND THE FENCE (WHERE NO STORMWATER DISPOSAL SYSTEM IS PRESENT), MAXIMUM SLOPE LENGTH BEHIND A SILT FENCE SHALL NOT EXCEED THOSE SHOWN IN TABLE 6–20.2 OF THE MANUAL FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL IN GEORGIA. THE DRAINAGE AREA SHALL NOT EXCEED 1/4 ACRE FOR EVERY 100' OF SILT FENCE.
3. TYPE 'C' SILT FENCE SHALL BE USED WHERE RUNOFF FLOWS OR VELOCITIES ARE PARTICULARLY HIGH OR WHERE SLOPES EXCEED A VERTICAL HEIGHT OF 10 FEET.
4. PROVIDE A RIP RAP SPLASH PAD OR OTHER OUTLET PROTECTION DEVICE FOR ANY POINT WHERE FLOW MAY TOP THE SEDIMENT FENCE. ENSURE THAT THE MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF THE FENCE AT A PROTECTED, REINFORCED OUTLET DOES NOT EXCEED 1 FT. AND THAT SUPPORT POST SPACING DOES NOT EXCEED 4 FT.

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS:
1. THE TEMPORARY SILT FENCE SHALL BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER SPECIFICATION, AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS, OR AS DIRECTED BY ENGINEER.
2. POST INSTALLATION SHALL START AT THE CENTER OF THE LOW-POINT WITH REMAINING POSTS SPACED 4 FEET APART.
3. ALONG STREAM BUFFERS AND OTHER SENSITIVE AREAS, TWO ROWS WILL BE USED OR ONE ROW OR SILT FENCE BACKED BY HAYBALES SHALL BE USED.

MAINTENANCE:
SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED ONCE IT HAS ACCUMULATED TO ONE–HALF THE ORIGINAL HEIGHT OF THE BARRIER. FILTER FABRIC SHALL BE REPLACED WHENEVER IT HAS DETERIORATED TO SUCH AN EXTENT THAT THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE FABRIC IS REDUCED (APPROXIMATELY SIX MONTHS). TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BARRIERS SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL DISTURBED AREAS HAVE BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED. ALL SEDIMENT ACCUMULATED AT THE BARRIER SHALL BE REMOVED AND PROPERLY DISPOSED OF BEFORE THE BARRIER IS REMOVED.

Sd1–C SEDIMENT BARRIER (TYPE C SILT FENCE)
N.T.S.

DEFINITION: THE ESTABLISHMENT OF TEMPORARY VEGETATIVE COVER WITH FAST GROWING SEEDLINGS FOR SEASONAL PROTECTION ON DISTURBED OR DENUDED AREAS.

REQUIREMENT FOR REGULATORY COMPLIANCE:
MULCH OR TEMPORARY GRASSING SHALL BE APPLIED TO ALL EXPOSED AREAS WITHIN 14 DAYS OF DISTURBANCE. TEMPORARY GRASSING, INSTEAD OF MULCH, CAN BE APPLIED TO ROUGH GRADED AREAS THAT WILL BE EXPOSED FOR LESS THAN SIX MONTHS. IF AN AREA IS EXPECTED TO BE UNDISTURBED FOR LONGER THAN SIX MONTHS, PERMANENT PERENNIAL VEGETATION SHALL BE USED. IF OPTIMUM PLANTING CONDITIONS FOR TEMPORARY GRASSING IS LACKING, MULCH CAN BE USED AS A SINGULAR EROSION CONTROL DEVICE FOR UP TO SIX MONTHS BUT IT SHALL BE APPLIED AT THE APPROPRIATE DEPTH, ANCHORED, AND HAVE A CONTINUOUS 90% COVER OF GREATER OF THE SOIL SURFACE.

SOME TEMPORARY PLANT SPECIES, SEEDING RATES AND PLANTING DATES

SPECIES	RATES PER 1,000 SQ. FT.	RATES PER ACRE	PLANTING DATES BY REGION M – L	P	C
RYE (GRAIN)	3.9 LBS.	3 BU.	8/15–11/19	9–15–12–1 3/1–4/1	10/1–1/31
RYEGRASS	0.9 LBS.	40 LBS.	8/15–12/15	9/1–12/15	9/15–1/1
RYE AND ANNUAL LESPEDEZA	0.6 LBS. 0.6 LBS.	0.5 BU. 24 LBS.	3/1–4/1	3/1–4/1	2/1–3/1
WEEPING LOVEGRASS	0.1 LBS.	4 LBS.	4/1–6/1	4/1–6/1	3/1–6/1
SUDANGRASS	1 LBS.	60 LBS.	5/1–8/1	5/1–8/1	4/1–8/1
BROWNTOP MILLET	1.1 LBS.	50 LBS.	4/15–6/15	4/15–7/1	4/15–7/1
WHEAT	4.1 LBS.	3 BU.	9/15–12/1	10/1–12/15	10/15–1/1

1. UNUSUAL SITE CONDITIONS MAY REQUIRE HEAVIER SEEDING RATES.
2. SEEDING DATES MAY NEED TO BE ALTERED TO FIT TEMPERATURE VARIATIONS AND LOCAL CONDITIONS.

FERTILIZER REQUIREMENTS FOR TEMPORARY VEGETATION

TYPES OR SPECIES	PLANTING YEAR	FERTILIZER (N–P–K)	RATES (LBS./ACRE)	N TOP DRESSING RATE (LBS/ACRE)
COOL SEASON GRASSES	FIRST SECOND MAINTENANCE	6–12–12 6–12–12 10–10–10	1500 1000 400	50–100 – 30
COOL SEASON GRASSES & LEGUMES	FIRST SECOND MAINTENANCE	6–12–12 0–10–10 0–10–10	1500 1000 400	0–50 – –
TEMP. COVER CROPS SEEDED ALONE	FIRST	10–10–10	500	30
WARM SEASON GRASSES	FIRST SECOND MAINTENANCE	6–12–12 6–12–12 10–10–10	1500 800 400	50–100 50–100 30

* AGRICULTURAL LIME IS REQUIRED UNLESS SOIL TESTS INDICATE OTHERWISE. APPLY AGRICULTURAL LIME AT A RATE OF ONE TON PER ACRE. GRADED AREAS REQUIRE LIME APPLICATION.

Ds2 DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (WITH TEMPORARY SEEDING)

VEGETATIVE PLAN:
SEED: RYEGRASS: 40 LB/AC (SEPT 1 – DEC 15);
RYE AND ANNUAL LESPEDEZA: 24 LB/AC EACH (MAR 1 – APR 1)
FERTILIZER: 10–10–10, 500 LB/AC LIME: 1 TON/AC

DEFINITION: A TEMPORARY COVER OF PLANT RESIDUES APPLIED TO THE SOIL SURFACE FOR A PERIOD OF SIX MONTHS OR LESS WHEN SEEDING IS NOT PRACTICAL.

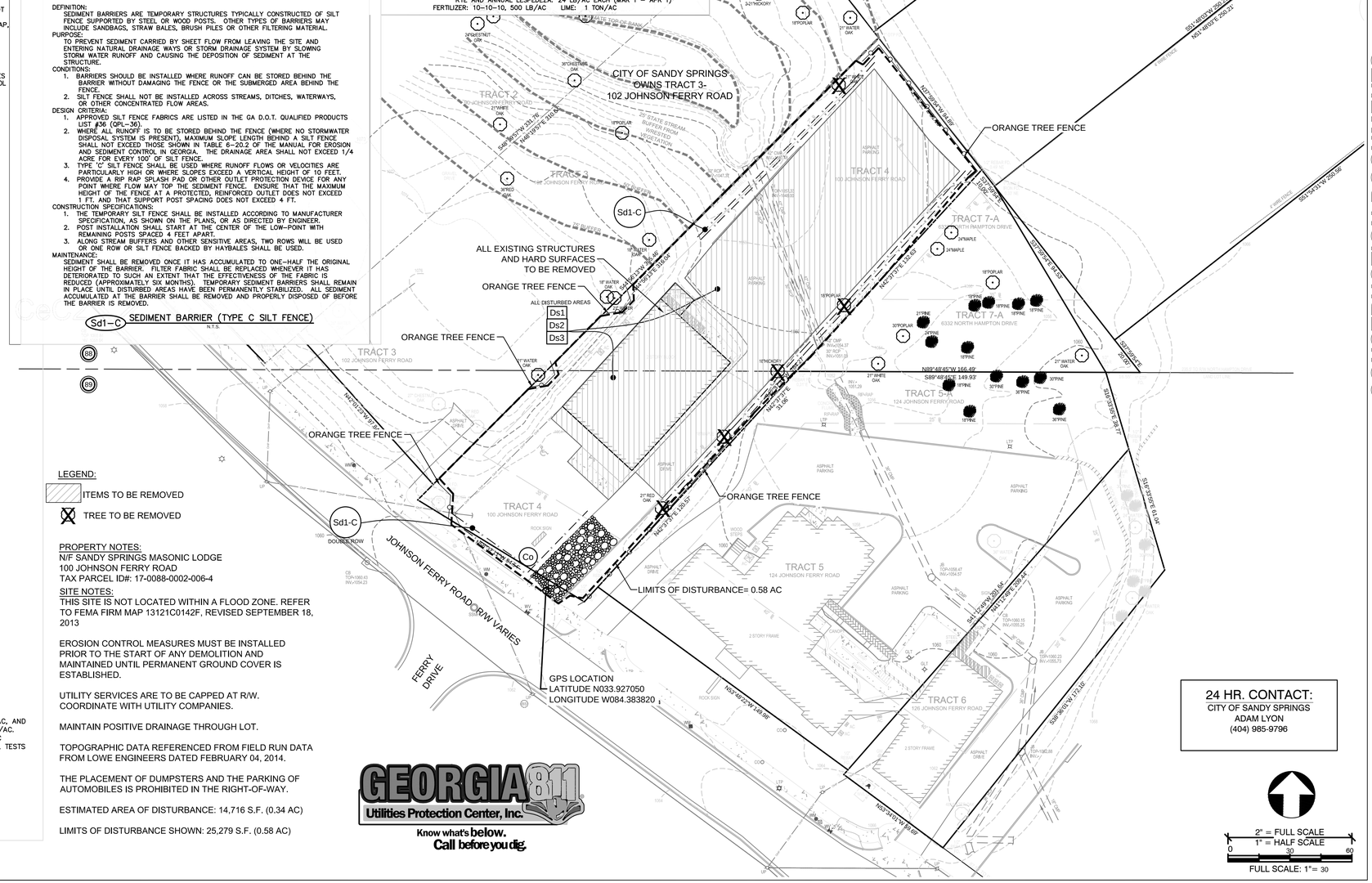
REQUIREMENT FOR REGULATORY COMPLIANCE:
MULCH OR TEMPORARY GRASSING SHALL BE APPLIED TO ALL EXPOSED AREAS WITHIN 14 DAYS OF DISTURBANCE. MULCH CAN BE USED AS A SINGULAR EROSION CONTROL DEVICE FOR UP TO SIX MONTHS, BUT IT SHALL BE APPLIED AT THE APPROPRIATE DEPTH, DEPENDING ON THE MATERIAL USED, ANCHORED, AND HAVE A CONTINUOUS 90% COVER OR GREATER OF THE SOIL SURFACE. MAINTENANCE SHALL BE REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN APPROPRIATE DEPTH AND 90% COVER. TEMPORARY VEGETATION MAY BE EMPLOYED INSTEAD OF MULCH IF THE AREA WILL REMAIN UNDISTURBED FOR LESS THAN SIX MONTHS. IF AN AREA WILL REMAIN UNDISTURBED FOR GREATER THAN SIX MONTHS, PERMANENT VEGETATIVE TECHNIQUES SHALL BE EMPLOYED.

MULCHING MATERIALS:
1. DRY STRAW OR HAY SHALL BE APPLIED AT A DEPTH OF 2 TO 4 INCHES PROVIDING COMPLETE SOIL COVERAGE. ONE ADVANTAGE OF THIS MATERIAL IS EASY APPLICATION.
2. WOOD WASTE (CHIPS, SAWDUST OR BARK) SHALL BE APPLIED AT A DEPTH OF 2 TO 3 INCHES. ORGANIC MATERIAL FROM THE CLEARING STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT SHOULD REMAIN ON SITE, BE CHIPPED, AND APPLIED AS MULCH. THIS METHOD OF MULCHING CAN GREATLY REDUCE EROSION CONTROL COSTS.
3. OUTBACK ASPHALT (SLOW CURING) SHALL BE APPLIED AT 1200 GALLONS PER ACRE (OR 1/4 GALLON PER SQ. YD.).
4. POLYETHYLENE FILM SHALL BE SECURED OVER BANKS OR STOCK PILED SOIL MATERIAL TEMPORARY PROTECTION. THIS MATERIAL CAN BE SALVAGED AND RE–USED.

MULCHING APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS

MATERIAL	RATE	DEPTH
STRAW OR HAY	2 1/2 TON/ACRE	2" TO 4"
WOOD WASTE, CHIPS, SAWDUST, BARK	6 TO 9 TON/ACRE	2" TO 3"
OUTBACK ASPHALT	1200 GAL./ACRE OR 1/4 GAL./SQ.YD.	–
POLYETHYLENE FILM	SECURE WITH SOIL ANCHORS, WEIGHTS	–
GEOTEXTILES,LATE MATTING, NETTING, ETC.	SEE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS	–

Ds1 DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (WITH MULCHING ONLY)



LEGEND:
ITEMS TO BE REMOVED
TREE TO BE REMOVED

PROPERTY NOTES:
N/F SANDY SPRINGS MASONIC LODGE
100 JOHNSON FERRY ROAD
TAX PARCEL ID#: 17-0088-0002-006-4

SITE NOTES:
THIS SITE IS NOT LOCATED WITHIN A FLOOD ZONE. REFER TO FEMA FIRM MAP 13121C0142F, REVISED SEPTEMBER 18, 2013

EROSION CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY DEMOLITION AND MAINTAINED UNTIL PERMANENT GROUND COVER IS ESTABLISHED.

UTILITY SERVICES ARE TO BE CAPPED AT R/W. COORDINATE WITH UTILITY COMPANIES.

MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE THROUGH LOT.

TOPOGRAPHIC DATA REFERENCED FROM FIELD RUN DATA FROM LOWE ENGINEERS DATED FEBRUARY 04, 2014.

THE PLACEMENT OF DUMPSTERS AND THE PARKING OF AUTOMOBILES IS PROHIBITED IN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY.

ESTIMATED AREA OF DISTURBANCE: 14,716 S.F. (0.34 AC)

LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE SHOWN: 25,279 S.F. (0.58 AC)

GEORGIA811 Utilities Protection Center, Inc.
Know what's below. Call before you dig.

24 HR. CONTACT:
CITY OF SANDY SPRINGS
ADAM LYON
(404) 985-9796

2" = FULL SCALE
1" = HALF SCALE
0 30 60
FULL SCALE: 1"= 30

WK DICKSON
community infrastructure consultants
2120 POWERS FERRY RD
SUITE 100
ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30339
(v) 770-955-5574
(f) 770-955-0338
WWW.WKDICKSON.COM
GA. LICENSE NO. 56-0486717

GSWCC# 2968 EXP. DATE 12/07/2014

GEORGIA REGISTERED 8/26/14 NO. 015260 PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER DAVID R. BRASWELL

PROFESSIONAL SEAL

CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS

REVISION RECORD

NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY
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PROJECT NAME: MARSH CREEK WATERSHED IMPROVEMENT PROJECT

DRAWING TITLE: DEMOLITION PLAN

PROJ. MGR.:	DRB
DESIGN BY:	----
DRAWN BY:	----
PROJ. DATE:	----

DRAWING NUMBER: 1

WKD PROJ. NO.: 20130078.00.AT

FILE PATH: \\atlsvr1\STORMWATER\Projects\Sandy Springs\20130078\00AT - Marsh Creek Headwater Best Management Practice Design & Project Administration\CADD\20130078\00AT-MARSH CREEK-HEADWATER BMP DEMOLITION.dwg